Beyond Open Source

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Open Genomics (1)

- Genomes are a digital code
 - written in quaternary (A, C, G, T), not binary
 - Completely equivalent
 - A -> 00
 - C -> 01
 - G ->10
 - T -> 11
- Genomes are distributions collections of applications, genes are subroutines
 - Genome -> source code; proteins -> subroutines

Open Genomics (2)

- Human Genome Project
 - Global and distributed
 - sequencing centres around the world
 - Net-based
 - The Internet made the Human Genome Project possible
 - Darwinian dynamics
 - Since code is digital, it can be mixed and matched
 - Use better (quality) code when available

Open Genomics (3)

- Genomic sequences are free
 - Bermuda declaration (1996)
 - "It was agreed that all human genomic sequence information, generated by centres funded for large-scale human sequencing, should be freely available and in the public domain in order to encourage research and development and to maximise its benefit to society."
 - Free as in beer
 - Free as in freedom
 - Some patent claims, especially in the US
- Available from public online databases

Open Genomics (4)

- Open genomics
 - Digital code
 - Quaternary
 - Source code
 - Free
 - beer
 - freedom
 - Global, distributed, Netbased development
 - Darwinian

- Open source
 - Digital code
 - Binary
 - Source and object
 - Free
 - beer
 - freedom
 - Global, distributed, Netbased development
 - Darwinian

Open Access (1)

- Digital versions of academic research
 - Concerns traditional literature, generally published without expectation of payment
 - Does not seek to change the academic model
 - Still based on peer review
- Free as in beer
 - Generally not free as in freedom
 - Varying ability to use and change text

Open Access (2)

- Budapest Open Access Initiative (2001)
 - free availability on the public internet, permitting any users to read, download, copy, distribute, print, search, or link to the full texts of these articles, crawl them for indexing, pass them as data to software, or use them for any other lawful purpose, without financial, legal, or technical barriers other than those inseparable from gaining access to the internet itself. The only constraint on reproduction and distribution... should be to give authors control over the integrity of their work and the right to be properly acknowledged and cited.

Open Access (3)

Global

- open access materials stored in open archives, which are found all around the world
- Distributed
 - Open Archives Initiative (OAI) devised harvesting protocols that allow searching across archives, wherever they are
- Access and searching are via the Net
- Not directly Darwinian
 - academic research is (generally) Darwinian, with better explanations/results superseding previous ones

Open Access (4)

- Open access
 - Digital code
 - Binary
 - Textual, graphical
 - Free
 - Beer
 - Freedom, sometimes
 - Global, distributed, Netbased archives
 - Darwinian ideas

- Open source
 - Digital code
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Open Content (1)

- Digital versions of content
 - Typically text
 - Graphics
 - Music
 - Video
- Project Gutenberg
 - Michael Hart 1971
 - 1991 10 books
 - 2006 20,000 books
 - Distributed Proofreaders
 - Public domain, with some copyright material

Open Content (2)

- Legal code
 - Open Content
 - David Wiley
 - OpenContent Licence (1998)
 - Open Publication Licence (1999)
 - OPL, OPL-A, OPL-B, OPL-AB
 - Creative Commons (CC) 2001
 - Larry Lessig
 - Wide range of licences
 - Attribution (by)
 - non-commercial (nc), no derivatives (nd), share-alike (sa)
 - public domain, sampling, founders, developing nations

Open Content (3)

- Open Education using CC licences
 - Rice Connexions
 - Baraniuk
 - Open source platform Rhaptos
 - MIT Open CourseWare
 - Abelson
 - Proprietary platform
 - Open source alternative EduCommons
 - David Wiley
 - Many others adopting and adapting materials

Open Content (4)

- Software code
 - Blogs
 - Web pages
 - entries in reverse chronology
 - readers can comment
 - Technological step
 - Blogger, Pitas, Radio Userland, etc.
 - blog search engines
 - Winer's "ping"
 - Wikis
 - Web pages
 - readers can edit
 - Technological step
 - Ward Cunningham's Wiki Wiki Web

Open Content (5)

- Wikipedia
 - GNU Free Documentation Licence GFDL (2000)
- Wikimedia Commons
 - GFDL, Creative Commons

Open Content (6)

- Multimedia open content (cc licences)
 - Images
 - Flickr
 - by 1,157,038
 - by-nd 335,764
 - by-sa 852,836
 - by-nc 1,550,951
 - by-nc-nd 3,439,899
 - by-nc-sa 3,339,277
 - Video
 - Open source movies Internet Archive
 - Creative Archive BBC
 - Audio
 - CcMixter
 - "download sample cutur share"

Open Content (7)

- Open content
 - Digital code
 - Binary
 - Text, multimedia
 - Free
 - Beer
 - Freedom, sometimes
 - Some global, distributed,
 Net-based development
 - Not Darwinian

- Open source
 - Digital code
 - Binary
 - Source and object
 - Free
 - Beer
 - Freedom
 - Global, distributed, Netbased development
 - Darwinian

Challenges to Open Source

- Open genomics
 - Legal challenge patents
- Open access
 - Economic challenge STM publishers
- Open content
 - Technical challenge tools

(Too Far) Beyond Open Source?

- Open science
 - Open access, open data
- Open source marketing
 - Cluetrain Manifesto, Pinko Marketing
- Open business
 - Corporate blogs, wikis
- Open source conferences

Beyond "Beyond Open Source"

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opendotdotdot.blogspot.com open source, open genomics, open content